



IAP IMMUNIZATION SCHEDULE 2026

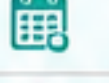
IAP – ACVIP RECOMMENDATIONS (2025) FOR CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS (0–18 YEARS)



VACCINATION : THE BEST PROTECTION AT EVERY AGE



ROUTINE IMMUNIZATION TIMETABLE 2025*

AGE	VACCINE(S)	COMMENTS / KEY POINTS	DOSE / ROUTE
 Birth	BCG, OPV, Hep B–1 (BD)	- BCG: before discharge - OPV: as soon as possible after birth - Hepatitis B vaccine: administered within 24 h of birth	- BCG: 0.05 mL ID - OPV: 2 drops oral - Hep B: 0.5 mL IM
 6 weeks	DTwP/DTaP–1, IPV–1, Hib–1, Hep B–2, Rotavirus–1, PCV–1	- DTwP or DTaP may be administered in primary immunization - IPV: 6–10–14 weeks is the recommended schedule. If IPV, as part of a hexavalent combination vaccine, is unaffordable, the infant should be sent to a government facility for primary immunization as per universal immunization program	- DTwP / DTaP: 0.5 mL IM - IPV: 0.5 mL IM - Hib: 0.5 mL IM - Hep B: 0.5 mL IM - Rotavirus: 1.5 mL oral - PCV: 0.5 mL IM
 10 weeks	DTwP/DTaP–2, IPV–2, Hib–2, Hep B–3, Rotavirus–2, PCV–2	RV1: 2-dose schedule; all other rotavirus brands: 3-dose schedule	- DTwP / DTaP: 0.5 mL IM - IPV: 0.5 mL IM - Hib: 0.5 mL IM - Hep B: 0.5 mL IM - Rotavirus: 1.5 mL oral - PCV: 0.5 mL IM
 14 weeks	DTwP/DTaP–3, IPV–3, Hib–3, Hep B–4, Rotavirus–3, PCV–3	An additional 4th dose of Hep B vaccine is safe and is permitted as a component of a combination vaccine	- DTwP / DTaP: 0.5 mL IM - IPV: 0.5 mL IM - Hib: 0.5 mL IM - Hep B: 0.5 mL IM - Rotavirus: 1.5 mL oral - PCV: 0.5 mL IM
 6 months	Influenza (IIV)–1	Uniform dose of 0.5 mL ≥ 6 months	0.5 mL IM
 7 months	Influenza (IIV)–2	To be repeated every year, till 5 years of age	0.5 mL IM
 6–9 months	Typhoid Conjugate Vaccine	There is no recommendation for a booster dose	0.5 mL IM
 9 months	MMR–1	—	0.5 mL SC
 12 months	Hepatitis A Vaccine	Single dose for live attenuated vaccine	0.5 mL IM
 15 months	MMR–2, Varicella–1, PCV–booster	—	- MMR: 0.5 mL SC - Varicella: 0.5 mL SC - PCV: 0.5 mL IM
 16–18 months	DTwP/DTaP–B1, Hib–B1, IPV–B1	—	- DTwP / DTaP: 0.5 mL IM - Hib: 0.5 mL IM - IPV: 0.5 mL IM
 18–19 months	Hepatitis A–2, Varicella–2	Only for inactivated hepatitis A vaccine	- Hep A: 0.5 mL IM - Varicella: 0.5 mL SC
 4–6 years	DTwP/DTaP–B2, IPV–B2, MMR–3	—	- DTwP / DTaP: 0.5 mL IM - IPV: 0.5 mL IM - MMR: 0.5 mL SC
 9–15 years	HPV (Single dose)**	- Immunocompetent girls—single dose 9–up to 15 years of age (boys*) - Two-dose schedule (0.5 mL at 0 and 6 months)	0.5 mL IM
 10 years	Tdap	Tdap is to be administered even if it has been inadvertently administered earlier (as DTP–B2)	0.5 mL IM
 15–18 years	HPV	15–26 years of age (females and males*) and immunocompromised: 3-dose (0.5 mL at 0, 2, and 6 months)	0.5 mL IM
 16–18 years	Td/Tdap	—	0.5 mL IM

CATCH-UP VACCINATION



Children who start late or miss doses should be vaccinated as per catch-up schedule recommended by IAP/ACVIP.



Minimum intervals between doses must be maintained.



Always consult your Pediatrician/Healthcare professional.

IMPORTANT NOTES

- Influenza vaccine should be given EVERY YEAR before the season.
- If any dose is missed or delayed, give it at the earliest opportunity.
- Do not restart the series.
- Multiple vaccines can be given on the same day at different sites.
- Use only IAP approved vaccines.
- **HPV: Single dose for 9–14 years (immunocompetent). For 15 years: 2 doses (0, 6 months).
- Keep the child under observation for 30 minutes after vaccination.



SPECIAL RECOMMENDATIONS



NIRSEVIMAB (RSV mAb): For all infants under 8 months of age born during/entering RSV season and high-risk children up to 24 months (as per ACVIP 2025/2026 recommendation). Single dose IM.



RABIES PEP (Post Exposure Prophylaxis) 2025 Update: 5-dose IM schedule on days 0, 3, 7, 14, and 28 along with Rabies Immunoglobulin/Monoclonal Antibodies as per category of bite.



COVID-19 VACCINE: As per Government of India approved policy for age groups.



INJECTION SITES (IM)



0 – 12 months:
Anterolateral aspect of mid-thigh



12 – 36 months:
Anterolateral thigh or deltoid region



> 36 months:
Deltoid region of upper arm

VACCINE LEGEND



Live Attenuated Vaccines



Inactivated Vaccines



Oral Vaccines



Toxoid / Others

ABBREVIATIONS

BCG	Bacillus Calmette–Guérin	IPV	Inactivated Polio Vaccine
BD	Birth Dose	MMR	Measles, Mumps, Rubella
DTwP	Diphtheria (full strength), Tetanus, whole cell Pertussis	OPV	Oral Polio Vaccine
DTaP	Diphtheria (full strength), Tetanus, acellular Pertussis	PCV	Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine
Hib	Haemophilus influenzae type b	RV	Rotavirus vaccine
Hep B	Hepatitis B vaccine	Td	Tetanus, diphtheria (reduced strength)
		Tdap	Tetanus, diphtheria (reduced strength), and acellular pertussis
		IIV	Inactivated Influenza vaccine

- a Cervavac 4® (by SII) is approved for use in males from 9 to 26 years
- b Gardasil-9® (by MSD) is approved for use in boys from 9 to up to 15 years.
- c BCG Bacillus calmette–guérin BD Birth dose DTwP Diphtheria (full strength). Tetanus, and whole-cell pertussis

- d DTaP Diphtheria (full strength), Tetanus, and acellular Pertussis
- e IPV Inactivated polio vaccine
- f Hep B Hepatitis B vaccine
- g Hib Haemophilus influenzae type b

- h OPV Oral polio vaccine
- i PCV Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine
- j RV Rotavirus vaccine
- k IIV Inactivated influenza vaccine

- l MMR Measles, Mumps, and Rubella
- m Tdap Tetanus, diphtheria (reduced strength), and acellular pertussis; Td Tetanus, diphtheria (reduced strength)



COMPLETE VACCINATION. STRONGER IMMUNITY. HEALTHIER FUTURE.

* As per ACVIP 2025/2026 recommendations | * For 9–14 years (immunocompetent): 2 doses; 15 years: 3 doses as above.

